# HYBRID CREDIT CARD FRAUD DETECTION USING ANOMALY DETECTION AND GENETIC ALGORITHM

BY

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IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF MASTER OF SCIENCE DEGREE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE.

## **JULY, 2018**

## **CERTIFICATION**

This is to certify that this dissertation entitled **Hybrid Credit Card Fraud Detection using Anomaly Detection and Genetic Algorithm** was carried out by Fawehinmi Olumide Abimbola with matriculation number 13PCG00518 under our supervision and approved by us:

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Signature and Date

## **DEDICATION**

I dedicate this dissertation to the Almighty God, the Author and Finisher of my faith, to my entire family, most especially my beloved wife, Barr.(Mrs.) Fawehinmi Ifedayo Oluwakemi, I will forever be grateful.

#### **DECLARATION**

I hereby declare that this dissertation titled **Hybrid Credit Card Fraud Detection using Anomaly Detection and Genetic Algorithm** was carried out by Fawehinmi Olumide Abimbola with matriculation number 13PCG00518. The project is centred on an original study in the Department of Computer and Information Sciences, College of Science and Technology, Covenant University, Ota, under the supervision of Professor. Nicholas A.I Omoregbe. Concepts of this research project are results of the research carried out by Fawehinmi Olumide Abimbola and ideas of other researchers have been fully recognised.

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TABLE OF CONTENT
PAGE
Title
Page
Certificationii
Dedication
iii
Declaration
iv
Acknowledgement
V
List of
Figuresv
List of
Tablesvii
Abstract
viii
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION
- D 1 1
• Background Information 1
• Motivation
• Motivation
• Statement of the
Problem4
1.4 Aim and

Object	ives5
1.5 Metho	Research dology 6
1.6 Study-	Significance of the7
1.7 Study-	Scope and Limitation of7
	Outlines of
CHAP	TER TWO: REVIEW OF RELEVANT LITERATURE
2.1 Descri	Credit Card ption9
2.2 Card	Using a Credit
2.3 Applic	Credit Card ation13
2.4 Nigeri	History and Evolution of E-payment in a15
	Credit Cards and Atm in
	Cashless Policy in
2.7 Nigeri	E- banking Crimes in a17
2.8 Crime-	Types of Cyber18
	Effects of Cyber Crime on ng21
	Cyber Crime Policy in a22
	Advance Fee Fraud and Related Offences Act
	History of Credit Card

Detection26  2.14	
2.14 Current Methods of	
	Fraud
Detection27	
2.15 General Concept of M	Machine
Learning29	
2.15.1 Learning to Recognize	Spoken
Words30	
2.15.2 Learning to Drive an Auto	onomous
Vehicle 30	
2.15.3 Learning to Classify new Astro	onomical
Structures31	
2.15.4 Learning to play World	Class
Backgammon31	
2.16 Machine I	Learning
Terminology32	
2.17 Main Component	of
Learning35	
2.18 Types of Machine I	Learning

Problem			36			
2.19	Types	of Datas	set	used	in	Machine
Learning		39				
2.20		Data	Tı	ransform	nation	and
Preprocessing			4	0		
2.21				Out	lier	or
Anomaly					4	1
2.22		Statisti	cal	Base	ed	Outlier
Detection				42		
2.22.1	Mathematical	Background	d of	Multiv	ariate	Gaussian
Distribution	43					
2.23					Ev	olutionary
Computing					44	
2.24						Generic
Algorithm						44
2.24.1						
Selection						45
2.24.2						
Crossover						46

Μι	ıtation				46
•	Evaluation	of	Model	using	Confusion
	Matrices		4	7	
2.2	26				Related
W	orks				45
CI	HAPTER THREE	: SYSTEMS D	DESIGN AND ME	ГНОДОГОСУ	
•	Data Collection 51				
	Data eprocessing				51
• Nia	Data				<i>5</i> 1
•	rmanzanon Input Data				31
Tra					53
•	Data				
Sp	litting				55
	Model Training ase			55	5
CI	HAPTER FOUR:	SYSTEMS IM	PLEMENTATIO	N AND EVALU	ATION
4.1 Sp					59
4.2 Pa					59
4.3 Al				61	
4.4 Di					62

B:		-89
APPENDIX		0.0
		-84
APPENDIX		
81		
	ES	
Works	(	80
5.4 Future		0.0
79	iiiiCiidatioii	
5.3	nmendation	
79		
5.2 Conclu	asion	
79		
5.1 Summa	ary	
	TIVE: SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	JNS
	76	ONIG.
4.5 Compa		
	Result of77	
Network	71	
	Training Artifical Neural	
	Training of Decision Tree	
	62	
4.4.1	Training Support Vector	

# LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1: A Credit Card Front View10
Figure 2.2: A Credit Card Back View11
Figure 2.3: Nigeria is transitioning from a Cash heavy to a Cash Lite Economy 16
Figure 2.4:
Various form of Money Transfer in Nigeria16 Figure 2.5:
A basic setup of Learning Problem36
Figure 2.6:  Linearly Separable Dataset
Figure 2.7:
Dataset that is not Linearly Separable37 Figure 2.8:
Clusters in Data38
Figure 2.9: Outliers41
Figure 3.1:
Dataset before Normalization52 Figure 3.2:
Dataset after Normalization53
Figure 3.3:
Flow Chart of the Proposed Model at Training Stage58 Figure 4.1:
Value of Menu59

Figure 4.2:	
Value of Z	60
Figure 4.3	
Objectives Function and GA	62
Figure 4.4	
Training Linear Kernel SVM	63
Figure 4.5	
Training RBF Kernel SVM	64
Figure 4.6	
Confusion Matrix of Linear Kernel SVM	65
Figure 4.7	
Confusion Matrix of RBF Kernel SVM	65
Figure 4.8	
Training of Decision Tree	67
Figure 4.9	
Plot of the Trained Decision Tree	68
Figure 4.10	
Confusion Matrix of Decision Tree	70
Figure 4.11	
Training of ANN	72

Figure 4.12		
Matlab ANN	N tool after Training Converged	73
Figure 4.13		
Visualizatio	n of the ANN Model	74
Figure 4.14		
Confusion N	Matrix of ANN	74
Figure 4.15		
Confusion N	Matrix of HCCFD	75
Figure 4.16		
Output of H	CCFD on the Dataset	76
LIST OF T PAGE	ABLES	
	Typical Types of12	
	Input Data54	
	Performance Comparison of Linear SVM and RBF	
	Performance Result of Decision71	
	Performance Result of75	
	Performance Result of76	
Table 4.5:	Comparison of SVM, Decision Tree, ANN and HCCFD	



#### **ABSTRACT**

The introduction of electronic (e-payment) technologies via credit card has significantly developed banking and other financial sector. This development has brought about reduction in the size of long queues and also the time mostly taken by customers in making and payment transaction. In spite of the growing trend of e-payment, the financial transaction has been marred with fraud This dissertation presents a machine learning based Hybrid Credit Card Fraud (HCCFD) model which uses anomy detection technique by applying multivariate normal distribution and genetic algorithm to detect fraudulent transaction on a credit card. HCCFD was trained using an imbalance dataset of credit

card transaction with thirty thousand (30,000) observations each having 19 features and a target variable which indicate if a transaction is fraudulent or not. The dataset were preprocessed by normalizing it and then was subdivided into three (3) in the orders of 70% for training set, 15% for validation set and 15% testing set. The training set was used to compute Mean Vector and covariate matrix of the dataset while validation set was used by genetic algorithm to set the threshold between fraudulent and non-fraudulent transactions. The test set was used to evaluate the performance of HCCFD and it was found that HCCFD significantly outperformed its counterparts (Support Vector Machine (SVM), Decision Tree and Artificial Neural Network (ANN)) trained on the same training set in terms of prediction accuracy and prediction time.