# BANDITRY AND COMMUNITY SECURITY IN KARIM-LAMIDO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA, TARABA STATE, NIGERIA (2015-2020)

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SEPTEMBER, 2021

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A DISSERTATION SUBMITTED TO THE SCHOOL OF POSTGRADUATE STUDIES IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF MASTER OF SCIENCE (M.Sc) DEGREE IN POLICY AND STRATEGIC STUDIES IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, COLLEGE OF LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT STUDIES, COVENANT UNIVERSITY, OTA, OGUN STATE, NIGERIA

SEPTEMBER, 2021

## **ACCEPTANCE**

This is to attest that this dissertation is accepted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of degree of Master of Science (M.Sc) in Policy and Strategic Studies in the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Nigeria.

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#### **DECLARATION**

I, SAMBO, Miriam Simachang (19PAK01959) declare that this research was carried out by me under the supervision of Dr. Samuel Oni of the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, Nigeria. I attest that this dissertation has not been presented either wholly or partially for the award of any degree elsewhere. All sources of data, scholarly information used in this dissertation are duly acknowledged.

SAMBO, MIRIAM SIMACHANG	
	Signature and Date

#### **CERTIFICATION**

We certify that this dissertation titled **Banditry and Community Security in Karim-Lamido Local Government Area, Taraba State, Nigeria (2015-2020)** is an original research work carried out by **SAMBO, Miriam Simachang (19PAK01959)** in the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, Nigeria under the supervision of Dr. Samuel Oni. We have examined and found this work acceptable as part of the requirements for the award of Master of Science (M.Sc) in Policy and Strategic Studies.

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## **DEDICATION**

I dedicate this dissertation to the Alm	ighty God for	His steadfast and	unending love.
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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

**CS** Community Security

CSS Council for Six Sigma Certification

**CSSC** Combat Service Support Company

**CWL** Call of duty World League Championship

**DCAF** Democratic Control of Armed Forces

**ECOWAS** Economic Commission of West African States

**GCE** General Certificate of Education

**GMOU** Global Memorandum of Understanding

**HND** Higher National Diploma

**IDP** Internally Displaced Person

**IEP** Individualized Educational Plan

**IGP** Inspector General of Police

ISS International Space Station

LGA Local Government Area

NCC Nigerian Communications Commission

NCE National Certificate in Education

**ND** National Diploma

NDLEA National Drug Law Enforcement Agency

**NECO** National Examination Council

**NPC** National Population Commission

OMCCSS Offender Management Community Cohort Study

OND Ordinary National Diploma

**SALW** Small Arms and light weapons

**SBML** System Biology Markup Language

TLU Terminal Logic Units

UN United Nations

**UNDP** United Nations Development Programme

USLEGAL United States Legal

WAEC West African Examination Council

#### **ABSTRACT**

Issues of security have continued to top discourses in the Nigerian state. This heightened interest in the subject matter can be largely traced to the proliferation of dissident groupings across the length and breadth of the Nigerian state. These societal misfits apart from truncating peace and public order have contributed maximally to the under-development of the Nigerian state. While these ugly experiences have lingered and accentuated, the North-Eastern part of the nation seems worst hit especially Taraba state which has continued to groan under the weight of banditry. These bandits often have a tripartite objective which is to kill, steal and destroy. Since uncommon situations demand uncommon solutions, community security organizations have been set up to tackle this menace. The dissertation therefore appraises the rising threats of banditry from the lenses of community security in Karim-Lamido local Government Area of Taraba State. The study employed a quantitative research methodology and administered questionnaires to respondents analysed the obtained responses, it was revealed that abduction /kidnappings, rape, periodic attacks on villages and other rural dwellers was the nature of banditry in the state and the activities of bandits in the local government area affected their standard of living and socio-economic development of the local government area. Hence, it recommends that there should be a synergy between the formal policing structures and the community security organizations in other to successfully stem the tide of banditry in the local government area.

**Keywords**: banditry, community security, Karim-Lamido, Nigeria and Violence.