REGIONAL INTEGRATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN WEST AFRICA; A CASE STUDY OF THE ECOWAS FREE MOVEMENT PROTOCOL.

OGORUGBA VIVIAN AFORKEOGHENE

Matriculation Number: 19PAH01954

B.Sc International Studies and Diplomacy, Benson Idahosa University Benin-city

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A DISSERTATION SUBMITTED TO THE SCHOOL OF POSTGRADUATE STUDIES IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF MASTER OF SCIENCE (M. Sc) DEGREE IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, COLLEGE OF LEADERSHIP AND DEVELOPMENT STUDIES, COVENANT UNIVERSITY, OTA, OGUN STATE.

SEPTEMBER, 2021

ACCEPTANCE

This is to attest that this dissertation is accepted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of degree of Master of Science (M.Sc) in International Relations in the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Nigeria.

Mr. John A. Philip	
(Secretary, School of Postgraduate Studies)	Signature and Date
Prof. Akan B. Williams	
(Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies)	Signature and Date

DECLARATION

I, VIVIAN OGORUGBA A. (19PAH01954) declare that this research was carried out by me under the supervision of Dr. Esther F. Owolabi of the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, Nigeria. I attest that this dissertation has not been presented either wholly or partially for the award of any degree elsewhere. All sources of data, scholarly information used in this dissertation are duly acknowledged.

VIVIAN, OGORUGBA AFORKEOGHENE	

Signature and Date

CERTIFICATION

We certify that this dissertation titled regional integration and sustainable development in west africa: a case study of the ECOWAS free movement protocol is an original research carried out by VIVIAN, OGORUGBA AFORKEOGHENE (19PAH01954) in the Department of Political Science and International Relations, College of Leadership Development Studies, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, Nigeria under the supervision of Dr. Esther F.Owolabi. We have examined and found this work acceptable as part of the requirements for the award of Master of Science (M.Sc.) in International Relations.

Dr. Esther F. Owolabi	
Supervisor	Signature and Date
Prof. Daniel E. Gberevbie	
Head of Department, PSI	Signature and Date
Dr. Bonnie Ayodele	
External Examiner	Signature and Date
Prof. Akan B. Williams	
(Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies)	Signature and Date

DEDICATION

I dedicate this dissertation to the Almighty God for his protection, provision, guidance, love, mercies, and indefinite favour throughout my academic programme.

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ABBREVIATIONS

i. ASEAN Association of Southern Asia Nations

ii. AU African Union

iii. COMESA Common Market for East and Southern Africa

iv. EAC East African Community

v. ECOWAS Economic Community of West African States

vi. ETLS ECOWAS Trade Liberalization Scheme

vii. EU European Union

viii.FGMFemale Genital Mutilationix.FMPFree Movement Protocolx.GDPGross Domestic Product

xi. LDC Least Developing Countries

xii. NAFTA
 North American Free Trade Agreement
 xiii. NANTS
 National Association of Nigerian Traders
 xiv. OECD
 The Organisation for Economic Cooperation

and Development

xv. REC Regional Economic Communitiesxvi. SACU Southern African Custom Union

xvii. SADC Southern African Development Community

xviii. SD Sustainable Development

xix. SDGs Sustainable Development Goals

xx. UK United Kingdomxxi. UN United Nations

xxii. UNASUR Union of South American Nations

xxiii. UNIFEM United Nations Development Fund for Womenxxiv. WAEMU West African Economic and Monetary Union

xxv. WAMZ West African Monetary Zone

ABSTRACT

This research examines the prospect, effectiveness and challenges of the ECOWAS free movement protocol, evaluate the degree of the protocol's implementation in Ecowas member states and identifies their utility to traders and other citizens residing in these countries. In Africa, regional integration appears to be a feasible means to achieve a socio-economic stability and also facilitate the integration of newly independent African nations in the world global economy. In the quest for new strategies for the achievement of all-round sustainable development, West African sub-region was determined to embrace a policy of regional, economic and cultural integration. In Lagos, Nigeria, sixteen West African countries signed a contract to establish the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) in May 1975. States adopted a protocol on the free movement of persons, residence and establishment in May 1979, four years after the treaty's publication. It declared among other things that community residents have the right to enter, reside and develop economic activity in the territory of member states and it established a three-phased method to reaching the treaty's goal of "full freedom of movement"

This study looks at how the free movement protocol is implemented and how effective it is throughout ECOWAS member states. The research design adopted for this study is the case study design. Primary data were gotten through questionnaires while secondary data was retrieved from already published works such as academic journals, books, newspapers, reports and online materials. The study shows that the protocol is not fully effective and does not thoroughly cover commuters and trans-border traders from other member states. In addition, the study discovers that lack of infrastructure like rail network, bad roads and also lack of proper documentation by security personnel also contribute to the ineffectiveness of the free movement protocol. Consequently, the existence of bribery and corruption among the security officer along borders is also a problem, as criminals and terrorist can easily penetrate through borders.

Keywords: ECOWAS, ECOWAS free movement protocol, free movement protocol, regional integration, sustainable development