IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INTEGRATED SENSORY APPROACH IN THE DESIGN OF A CENTER FOR AUTISM IN UDU, DELTA STATE

OGBONDEMINU, JOY ENIOLA (16CA021163)

JULY, 2022

IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INTEGRATED SENSORY APPROACH IN THE DESIGN OF A CENTER FOR AUTISM IN UDU, DELTA STATE

By

OGBONDEMINU, JOY ENIOLA (16CA021163) B.Sc Architecture, Covenant University, Ota

A DISSERTATION SUBMITTED TO THE SCHOOL OF POSTGRADUATE STUDIES IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE AWARD OF MASTER OF SCIENCE (M.Sc) DEGREE IN ARCHITECTURE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHITECTURE, COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, COVENANT UNIVERSITY

JULY, 2022

ACCEPTANCE

This is to attest that this dissertation is accepted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Sciences (M.Sc) in the Department of Architecture, College of Science and Technology, Covenant University, Ota, Nigeria.

Mr. Taiwo Erewunmi (Secretary, School of Postgraduate Studies)

Signature and Date

Prof. Akan B. Williams (Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies)

Signature and Date

DECLARATION

I, OGBONDEMINU JOY ENIOLA (16CA021163), declare that this thesis was conducted entirely by me under the supervision of Dr. Bukola A. Adewale of the Department of Architecture, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, Nigeria. I attest that this research has not been presented either wholly or partly for any degree elsewhere before. All scholarly information sources used in this thesis were duly acknowledged and referenced.

OGBONDEMINU JOY ENIOLA

Signature and Date

CERTIFICATION

We certify that this dissertation titled "IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INTEGRATED SENSORY APPROACH IN THE DESIGN OF A CENTER FOR AUTISM IN UDU, DELTA STATE' is an original research work carried out by OGBONDEMINU JOY ENIOLA (16CA021163), in the Department of Architecture; College of Science and Technology, Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State, under the supervision of Dr. Bukola A. Adewale. We have examined and found this work acceptable as part of the requirements for the award of Master of Science in Architecture.

Dr. Bukola A. Adewale (Supervisor)

Prof. Adedapo. A. Oluwatayo (Head of Department) **Signature and Date**

Signature and Date

Dr. Clement O. Folorunso (External Examiner)

Signature and Date

Prof. Akan B. Williams (Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies)

Signature and Date

DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to God; My Father, Savior, my Lord and the Lover of my Soul and my parents; Pastor and Mrs. Ogbondeminu for their unrelenting love and support. I am eternally grateful.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

My utmost appreciation goes to God Almighty for the life, strength and grace to complete this study.

I want to especially thank Dr. David O. Oyedepo for establishing this great institution, Covenant University. I would also like to appreciate the efforts of the Vice-Chancellor of Covenant University, Professor Abiodun H. Adebayo, the Registrar, Mr. Emmanuel K. Ighan, the Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies, Professor Akan B. Williams, and the Sub-Dean, School of Postgraduate Studies, Dr. Emmanuel O. Amoo for their commitment towards the successful completion of my master's degree program. I am forever grateful.

I would also like to appreciate the following individuals and institutions for their contribution to the successful completion of this research work.

My Supervisor; Dr. Bukola A. Adewale for her immense support, guidance, exceptional academic insight and understanding that enabled the successful completion of this thesis.

My amazing parents, Pastor and Mrs. Ogbondeminu for their consistent financial and emotional support to me throughout my study. I am immensely grateful.

Prof. Adedapo A. Oluwatayo, Dr. Daniel O. Babalola, Dr. Anthony B. Sholanke, Dr. Peter A. Aderonmu, Dr. Isidore C. Ezema, Dr. Omoyeni A. Fulani, Dr. Osahon J. Ediae, Dr. O.N.E. Ekhaese and Arc. Olaniyi Olagunju for the knowledge they imparted and the support they provided to me throughout the duration of my study.

I would also like to acknowledge the management and staff of Patrick Speech and Languages Centre; Ikeja, Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for Special Children; Udu, Madonna School for Children with Special Needs; Okpanam and Champions Vocational Centre, Ogun state for their participation in the research process.

Lastly, my colleagues from whom I have learnt and who have made this study worthwhile.

I am truly grateful.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACCEPTANCE DECLARATION CERTIFICATION DEDICATION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT TABLE OF CONTENTS LIST OF TABLES LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF PLATES LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS ABSTRACT	I II IV V V VI IX XIII XV XIX 1
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	2
1.1. Statement of Research problem	2
1.2. Research Aim and Objectives	3
1.3. Justification for the study	5
1.4. Client/Users	6
1.5. Scope of the study	6
1.6. Operational Definition of Key Terms	7
1.7. Study Area	8
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	9
2.0. Neurological Disorders	9
2.1. Autism	10
2.2. Co-morbidities in Autism	12
2.3. Sensory Processing Disorder (SPD) as a Comorbidity in Aut	ism 15
2.4. Intervention measures for Autism	21
2.5. Autism in Nigeria	28
2.6. Designing centers for Autism	31
2.7. Precedent Studies on Designing Centers for Autism	32
2.8. Design Approaches in catering for SPD in centers for Autism	n 52
2.9. Prospects and Criticism of the Sensory design Approaches	52
2.10. Identified gaps in literature	54

CHAPTER THREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	55
3.0. Overview of Chapter	55
3.1. Research philosophy	55
3.2. Research Approach	56
3.3. Research Design	57
3.4. Data collection instruments	57
3.5. Data Collection Methods	58
3.6. Sampling Method	60
3.7. Method of Data Presentation and Analysis by Research Objectives	62
3.8. Ethical Considerations	63
CHAPTER FOUR: RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	65
4.0. Overview of Chapter	65
4.1. Analysis of Case studies	65
4.2. Analysis of Interviews	120
4.3. Thematic analysis of interview	121
4.4. Presentation of Research Findings by Objectives	129
4.5. Discussion of Research findings	131
4.6. Limitations of the study	133
4.7. Recommendations	133
4.8. Site Description and Analysis	134
CHAPTER FIVE: DESIGN CRITERIA AND APPROACH	137
5.0. Introduction	137
5.1. Design challenge	137
5.2. Project Goals and Objectives	137
5.3. Design considerations	138
5.4. Systems and Technical Requirement	139
5.5. Functional spaces and Requirements	144

CHAPTER SIX: DESIGN PHILOSOPHY, CONCEPTUALISATION AN	D
PROPOSAL	169
6.1. Design Philosophy	169
6.2. Design Concept	169
6.3. Master plan design concept	170
6.4. Education and Therapeutic centre	173
6.5. Vocational Center	175
6.6. Produce market and Vegetable Garden	177
6.7. Residential Buildings	177
REFERENCES	179
APPENDICES	189
APPENDIX A - OBSERVATION GUIDE FOR CASE STUDY	192
APPENDIX B - INTERVIEW GUIDE FOR EDUCATIONAL THERAI	PISTS AND
ADMINISTRATORS	194
APPENDIX C - DISSERTATION TRANSCRIPT	196
APPENDIX D - ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS	207

LIST OF TABLES

Table 3.1. Showing a list of the study population consisting of documented Autism Centers
in Delta state, Nigeria 61
Table 3.2. Showing the sample size of Autism Centers used for the study61
Table 3.6.1. Showing the Data analysis and Presentation Methodology for Research
Objective 1 62
Table 3.6.2. Showing the Data analysis and Presentation Methodology for Research
Objective 2 62
Table 3.6.3. Showing the Data analysis and Presentation Methodology for Research
Objective 3 63
Table 3.6.4. Showing the Data analysis and Presentation Methodology for Research
Objective 4 63
Table 4.1.1. Showing the Acoustic rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages Centre74
Table 4.1.2. Showing the SPatial Sequencing rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre 75
Table 4.1.3. Showing the Escape spaces rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages Centre
75
Table 4.1.4. Showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre 76
Table 4.1.5. Table showing the Transition zone rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre 76
Table 4.1.6. Table showing the Safety rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages Centre 77
Table 4.1.7. Table showing the Sensory Zoning rating of the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre 77
Table 4.2.1. Table showing the Acoustic rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Autism 83
Table 4.2.2. Table showing the SPatial Sequencing rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno
School for Autism 84
Table 4.2.3. Table showing the Escape space rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School
for Autism 84
Table 4.2.4. Table showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Comrade David
Ofoeyeno School for Autism 85
Table 4.2.5. Table showing the Transition space rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno
School for Autism 85

Table 4.2.6. Table showing the Safety rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Autism 86
Table 4.2.7. Table showing the Acoustic rating of the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Autism 86
Table 4.3.1. Table showing the Acoustic rating of the Champions Vocational centre for
Autism 91
Table 4.3.2. Table showing the SPatial sequencing rating of the Champions Vocational
centre for Autism 91
Table 4.3.3. Table showing the Escape space rating of the Champions Vocational centre for
Autism 92
Table 4.3.4. Table showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Champions Vocational
centre for Autism 92
Table 4.3.5. Table showing the Transition space rating of the Champions Vocational centre
for Autism 92
Table 4.3.6. Table showing the Safety rating of the Champions Vocational centre for
Autism 93
Table 4.3.7. Table showing the Sensory zoning rating of the Champions Vocational centre
for Autism 93
Table 4.4.1. Table showing the Acoustic rating of the Madonna School for Special Children
97
Table 4.4.2. Table showing the SPatial sequencing rating of the Madonna School for
Special Children 98
Table 4.4.3. Table showing the provision of Escape spaces rating of the Madonna School
for Special Children 98
Table 4.4.4. Table showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Madonna School for
Special Children 99
Table 4.4.5. Table showing the provision of Transition space rating of the Madonna School
for Special Children 99
Table 4.4.6. Table showing the provision of Safety rating of the Madonna School for
Special Children, Okpanam 100
Table 4.4.7. Table showing the provision of Sensory Zoning rating of the Madonna School
for Special Children, Okpanam 100
Table 4.5.1. Table showing the Acoustics rating of the Advance school, Egypt106
Table 4.5.2. Table showing the SPatial sequencing rating of the Advance school, Egypt 106
Table 4.5.3. Table showing the Escape space rating of the Advance school, Egypt107

Table 4.5.4. Table showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Advance school, Egyp
10
Table 4.5.5. Table showing the Transition space rating of the Advance school, Egypt108
Table 4.5.6. Table showing the Safety rating of the Advance school, Egypt108
Table 4.5.7. Table showing the Sensory Zoning rating of the Advance school, Egypt109
Table 4.6.1. Table showing the Acoustics rating of the Caudwell Children centre, UK115
Table 4.6.2. Table showing the SPatial sequencing rating of the Caudwell Children centre
UK 110
Table 4.6.3. Table showing the Escape space rating of the Caudwell Children centre, UK
117
Table 4.6.4. Table showing the Compartmentalization rating of the Caudwell Children
centre, UK 117
Table 4.6.5. Table showing the Transition space rating of the Caudwell Children centre, UK
118
Table 4.6.6. Table showing the Safety rating of the Caudwell Children centre, UK119
Table 4.6.7. Table showing the Sensory Zoning rating of the Caudwell International
Children Centre 119
Table 4.7. Table showing data on the demographics of the research participants12
Table 4.8.1.1. Table showing the identification of Themes for Interview Question 1122
Table 4.8.1.2. Table showing the components of Theme 1123
Table 4.8.2.1.Table showing the identification of Themes for Interview Question 2124
Table 4.8.2.2. Table showing the components of Theme 2124
Table 4.8.3.1. Table showing the identification of Themes for Interview Question 3-5123
Table 4.8.3.2. Table showing the components of Theme 3120
Table 4.8.4. Table showing the response of the interview participants to Interview Question
4 12
Table 4.8.5. Table showing the response of the interview participants to Interview Question
6 128
Table 4.8.6. Table showing the response of the interview participants to Interview Question
8 128
Table 4.9.1. Table showing data on the sensory design theories adopted in centers for
Autism 129
Table 4.9.2. Showing the environmental adaptations measures adopted in the selected case
studies based on the ASPECTSSTM design guidelines 130
Table 4.8.4. Table showing the response of the interview participants to Interview Question

4	131
Table 5.2. Spatial requirement for Research facilities	150
Table 5.3. Spatial requirement for Education and Therapy facilities	153
Table 5.4. Spatial requirement for Vocational facilities	161
Table 5.5. Spatial requirement for Residential facilities	163
Table 5.6. Spatial requirement for Produce market and Vegetable garden	164
Table 5.7. Spatial requirement for the sporting facilities	164
Table 5.8. Spatial requirement for Ancillary facilities	168

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 4.1. Showing the location and surrounding features of the Patrick Speech ar	ıd
Languages Centre; Ikeja 6	57
Figure 4.1.1. Image showing the site layout of the Patrick Speech and Languages Centr	e,
Ikeja	58
Figure 4.1.2. Illustration showing the ground floor layout of main block in the Patrice	:k
Speech and Languages Centre, Ikeja 77	'3
Figure 4.1.3. Illustration showing the first floor layout of main block in the Patrick Speed	ch
and Languages Centre, Ikeja 77	'3
Figure 4.2.1. Image showing the site layout for the Champions Vocational Centre, Ogu	ın
state 8	38
Figure 4.2.2. Illustration showing the ground floor layout for the Champions Vocation	al
Centre, Ogun state 8	39
Figure 4.3.1. Showing the location and surrounding features of the Madonna School fe	or
Children with special needs 9)5
Figure 4.3.2. Illustration showing the layout of the Madonna School for children wi	th
special needs 9)5
Figure 4.3.3. Illustration showing the spatial layout of the Madonna School for Speci	al
children, Okpanam 9)7
Figure 4.4.1. Location map showing the site for the Advance Autism centre and i	ts
surrounding functions 10)2
Figure 6.1. Image (a) showing a hand sketch of master plan design option A and Image (b)
showing a hand sketch of master plan design option B 17	0'
Figure 6.2. Image showing the conceptual functional zoning on the proposed site 17	0'
Figure 6.3. Image showing a hand sketch of the privacy zoning in master plan design 17	1
Figure 6.4. Image showing the conceptual privacy zoning17	1
Figure 6.5. Image showing the hand sketch of the sensory/acoustical zoning in master pla	ın
design 17	'2
Figure 6.6. Image showing sensory zoning in the proposed development17	'2
Figure 6.7. Image showing the conceptual design for the Educational and therapeutic cent	re
17	'3
Figure 6.8. Image showing the general building layout for the education and therapeut	ic
centre 17	'4
Figure 6.9. Image showing ground floor layout 17	/4

Figure 6.10. Image showing first floor layout	174
Figure 6.11. Image showing second and third floor layout	175
Figure 6.12. Image showing the conceptual design for the Vocational centre	175
Figure 6.13. Image showing the general building layout for the vocational centre	176
Figure 6.14. Image showing the ground floor layout for the vocational centre	176
Figure 6.15. Image showing the first floor layout for the vocational centre	177
Figure 6.16. Image showing the conceptual design for the Produce Market centre	177
Figure 6.17. Image showing the schematic model for greenhouse for Vegetable farm	177
Figure 6.18. Image showing the floor layout of the students' residences	178

LIST OF PLATES

Plate 2.1. Image (a) showing the physical structure of the sensory play-scape, Image (b)
showing a sensory play-scape with interactive fibre membrane 25
Plate 2.2. Image showing a dimly illuminated sensory play-scape25
Plate 2.3. Image (a) showing a touch-interactive LED wall; Image (b) showing a photo-
sensitive LED interactive wall 26
Plate 2.4. Image (a) showing fiber optic strands and Image (b) showing a child holding UV
fiber optic strands 27
Plate 2.5. Image(a) showing water bubble tubes and Image (b) showing a child interacting
with the bubble tubes 27
Plate 2.6. An image showing floor plan arrangement depicting clarity, simplicity and
orderliness 39
Plate 2.7. Image showing the purpose and strategies of Acoustic treatment43
Plate 2.8. Image (a) showing the use of Acoustic foam as Acoustic treatment for a wall,
Image (b) showing Acoustic ceiling tiles and Image (c) showing a free-standing Acoustical
Pod 44
Plate 2.9. Image (a) illustrating the concept of spatial sequencing and Image (b) showing
Spatial sequencing in a space with illustrative text and directional arrows45
Plate 2.10. Image with Illustrative text depicting the concept of provision of Escape spaces
46
Plate 2.11. Image showing an Igloo-themed Escape space occupied by two Children46
Plate 2.12. Image with illustrative text depicting spatial compartmentalization using
furniture and function in a space 47
Plate 4.1.1. Image showing the Approach view to the Patrick Speech and Languages Centre,
Ikeja 66
Plate 4.1.2. Image showing the reception and waiting lounge of the Patrick Speech and
Languages Centre, Ikeja. 69
Plate 4.1.3. Image showing the interior of the green room in the Patrick Speech and
Languages Centre, Ikeja 70
Plate 4.1.4. Image showing the general sensory room in the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre, Ikeja. 71
Plate 4.1.4. Image (a) showing the Approach view to the Vocational centre under renovation
and Image (b) showing the interior of the vocational centre before renovation 71
Plate 4.1.5. Image showing the interior of the Fashion design centre in the make-shift
Vocational Centre 72

Plate 4.1.6. Illustration showing spatial sequencing in the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre, Ikeja 74
Plate 4.1.7. Illustration showing compartmentalization in the Patrick Speech and Languages
Centre, Ikeja 76
Plate 4.2.1. Image showing Entrance to the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for Special
Children 78
Plate 4.2.2. Image showing the Approach view to the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Special Children 80
Plate 4.2.1. Image showing the Students' clinic in the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Special Children 81
Plate 4.2.4. Image showing the Approach view to the Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for
Special Children 82
Plate 4.2.5. Image showing the Courtyard as a sensory neutral transition corridor in the
Comrade David Ofoeyeno School for Special Children 85
Plate 4.3.1. Image showing the approach view for the Champions Vocational Centre, Ogun
state 87
Plate 4.3.2. Image showing the produce farm in the Champions Vocational Centre, Ogun
state 90
Plate 4.3.3. Image showing the residential facility at the Champions Vocational Centre,
Ogun state 90
Plate 4.4.1. Image showing the approach view of the Madonna School for Special Children,
Okpanam 94
Plate 4.4.3. Showing the facilities in the Madonna School for Children with Special Needs,
Okpanam 97
Plate 4.5.1. Image showing the Approach View of the Advance school, Egypt 101
Plate 4.5.3. Image showing Site plan and floor layout of the Advance school, New Cairo,
Egypt 104
Plate 4.5.4. Image showing 3d-visualization of the sensory transition space (sensory garden)
in the Advance school, Egypt 108
Plate 4.6.1. Exterior view from the Wing A of the Caudwell International children center,
New castle, UK. 110
Plate 4.6.2. Site location plan for Caudwell International children center, New castle, UK111
Plate 4.6.3. Site plan of the Caudwell International children center, New castle, UK 112
Plate 4.6.4. Image of Ground floor plan showing Wing A to the Right and Wing B to the left
113

Plate 4.6.5. Image of First floor plan showing Wing A to the Right and Wing B	to the left
	114
Plate 4.6.6. Image of Second floor plan showing Wing A to the Right and Wing B	to the left
	114
Plate 4.6.7. Image of Third floor plan showing Wing A to the Right and Wing B	to the left
	114
Plate 4.6.8. Image showing the conceptual development of form of the Caudwel	l Children
	114
Plate 4.6.9. Image showing choice of furniture and carpeted floor finishing aiding	acoustical
comfort	115
Plate 4.6.10. Image (a) showing an escape area in the building interior, (b) Trans	ition zone
and (c) On the site	117
Plate 4.6.11. Image showing a curvilinear transition zone (circulation lobby)	118
Plate 5.1. An Image showing a terracotta rain-screen wall cladding system	140
Plate 5.2. An image showing the components of the terracotta rain-screen system	141
Plate 5.3. An Image showing a curtain wall panel	141
Plate 5.4. Image showing Waffle floor slab system	142
Plate 5.5. Image showing details of a suspended (drop-ceiling) system	143
Plate 5.6. An image showing an inviting waiting area	145
Plate 5.7. Image showing shared office space with visual barrier	146
Plate 5.8. An image showing a private conference room model	146
Plate 5.9. Image showing the interior of an ultramodern library	147
Plate 5.10. Image showing a collaborative meeting space which can be used for st	aff-parent
meeting	148
Plate 5.11. Image showing a genetic research laboratory	150
Plate 5.12. Image of a sensory integrated classroom at Caudwell International	Children's
centre	151
Plate 5.13. An image showing a computer controlled (sensory) hydrotherapy pool	152
Plate 5.14. Image of the craft room at Caudwell International Children's centre	153
Plate 5.15. Image (a) showing the seating configuration of a seminar hall and	Image (b)
showing seating configuration for a classroom	154
Plate 5.16. Image showing Work-flow within the crockery wash-up region	156
Plate 5.18. Image showing the work spaces for a culinary centre	157
Plate 5.17. Image showing the typical work-flow pattern in a catering facility	158
Plate 5.19. An image showing a fashion design studio	159

Plate 5.20. An image showing a modern shared hostel interior design	162
Plate 5.21. An image showing a modern twin hostel room	163
Plate 5.22. An image showing accessible design guidelines for a parking area	165
Plate 5.23. Image (a) showing a Purple coneflower, (Echinacea purpurea) and Ima	ge (b)
showing a White Swan (Echinacea purpurea) flower	166
Plate 5.24. Image (a) showing a Rosemary in the Mediterranean Garden and Ima	ge (b)
showing a Lavender flower	166
Plate 5.25. Image showing the floral and hydological components of a therapeutic se	ensory
garden	167
Plate 5.26. An Accessible W.C. at Caudwell International Children's school, New cash	tle, Uk
	168
Plate 5.27. An Accessible W.H.B. at Caudwell International Children's school, New	castle,
Uk	168

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- ADLs Activities of Daily Living
- ADHD Attention Deficiency/Hyper-activity Disorder
- ASD Autism Spectrum Disorder
- CDC Center for Disease Control
- **CNS** Central Nervous System
- **DSC** Delta Steel Company
- ICT Information and Communication Technology
- ID Intellectual Disability
- LED Light Emitting Diode
- NDD Neuro-Developmental Disorder
- \mathbf{NGOs} Non Governmental Organizations
- PDD Pervasive Developmental Disorder
- PNS Peripheral Nervous System
- SDD Sensory Discrimination Disorder
- SI-Sensory Integration
- SMD Sensory Modulation Disorder
- SP-Sensory Processing
- SPD Sensory Processing Disorder
- TCA Thematic Content Analysis
- **TS** Tourette's' Syndrome
- WC Water Closet
- WHB. Wash Hand Basin
- WHO World Health Organization

ABSTRACT

Sensory Processing Disorder (SPD) is a co-morbidity with Autism that makes varied and complex its symptoms. Its presence has also been noted to impair skill acquisition and generalization for individuals with Autism. In catering for this, intervention measures; which may be therapeutic and/or environmental, are applied to mitigate its impact. The environmental intervention measures are based on two major design approaches; the sensory sensitive approach and the neurotypical approach; each with its own benefits and shortcomings. This study integrates and implements the two design approaches in the design of a center for Autism in Udu, Delta state to create a more holistic design approach in view of improving skill acquisition and generalization. The objectives of this study include the identification of the sensory design approaches adopted in centers for autism, determination of the effectiveness of approaches adopted and identification of the limitations of the measures. The research method is both qualitative and quantitative employing observation guides and interview guides as data collection instruments. The quantitative data collected was analyzed using the descriptive statistical tools for frequency and percentage for Statistical Product for Services and Solutions (SPSS) and was presented using tables while the qualitative data was analyzed using Thematic Content Analysis (TCA) with the data presented using text and tables. The results of the study showed a correlation between SPD and academic difficulties. The environmental interventions adopted, their effectiveness and limitations were identified; which formed the background from which the recommendations were provided. To this end, recommendations were given to serve as guidelines in adopting the integrated sensory approach in achieving the aim of this study.

Keywords: Autism, Neuro-Developmental disorder, Sensory design, Design Integration, Inclusive Design, Delta state, Nigeria.